Mycotoxin Risk Alert

Survey Period: November 01 - 30, 2024

Survey Landscape

Country Southeast Asia





Number of Analysis



206

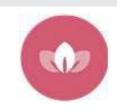
Contaminated samples



Commodities



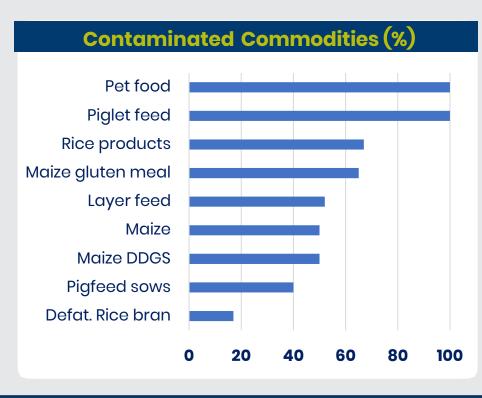
Energy Source:
Defat. Rice bran, Maize, Maize
DDGS, Rice products

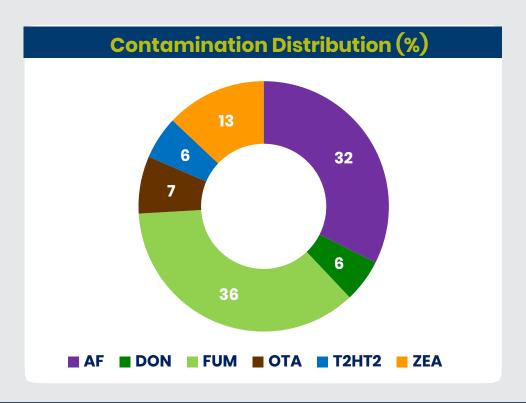


Protein Source:Maize gluten meal



Complete Feed: Layer, Pet, Piglet, Sow





Risk Level & Symptoms by Species

Immediate Risk Mycotoxins

Aflatoxin (AFLA)

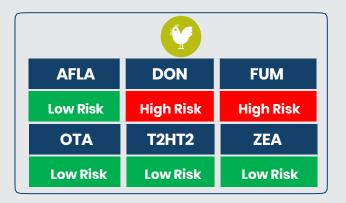
Digestive disorders, Reduced feed intake, Immunosuppression, liver damage, AFM1 in milk

Deoxynivalenol (DON)

Digestive & neurological disorders, Immunosuppression, liver damage

Fumonisins (FUM)

Poor intestinal water and glucose absorption (diarrhea), Necrotic lesions in GIT, Poor nutrient absorption



AFLA		DON	FUM
Low Ris	k	High Risk	High Risk
ОТА		T2HT2	ZEA
Low Ris	k	Low Risk	High Risk

T			
AFLA	DON	FUM	
High Risk	Hlgh Risk	High Risk	
ОТА	T2HT2	ZEA	
Low Risk	Low Risk	High Risk	

Recommendation

Consider synergistic and additive effects for interpretation of mycotoxin assessment







Mycotoxin Interaction

- Synergistic effects occur when the combined effects of two mycotoxins (even at low levels) are greater than the individual effects of each toxin alone (1+1 >2)
- Additive effects can also occur with the combined effects of two mycotoxins being equal to the sum of the effects of each toxin on its own (1+1 =2)



For further information please contact:

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