

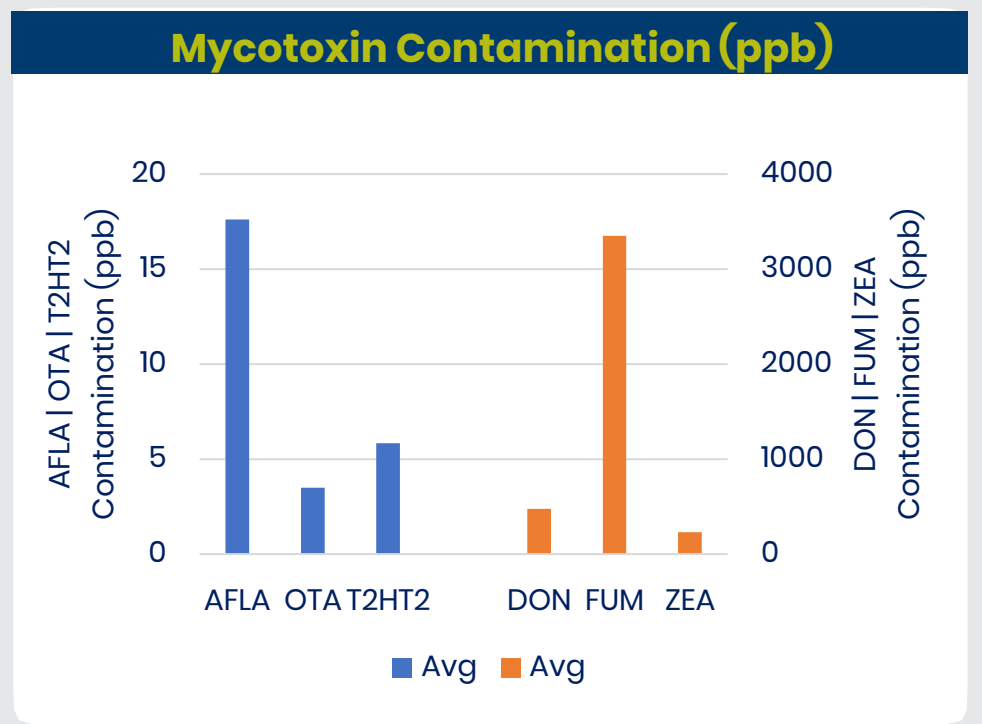
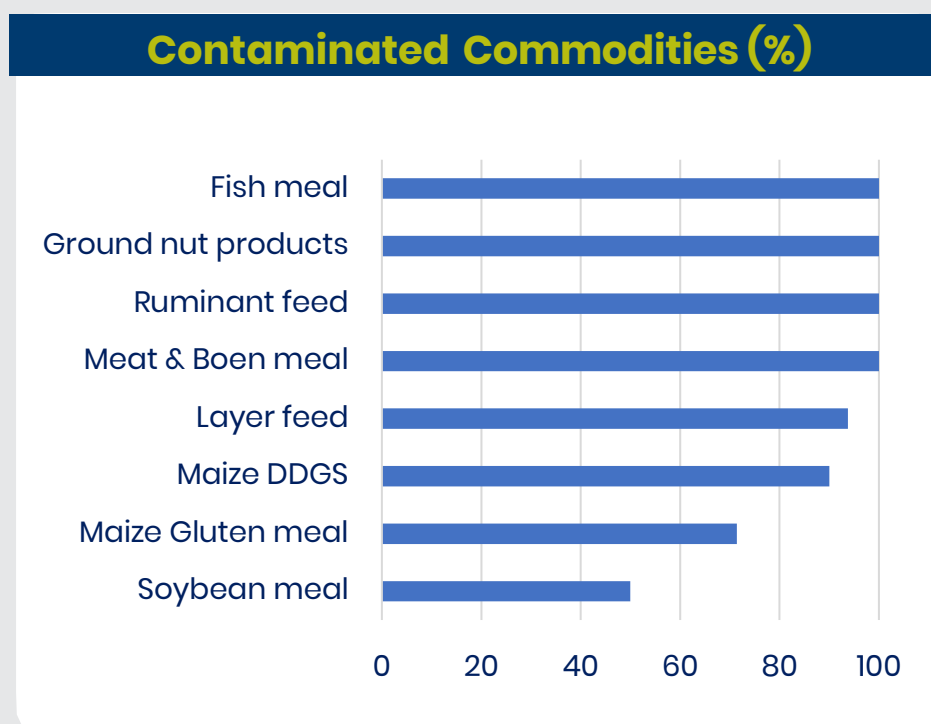
# Mycotoxin Risk Alert

Survey Period : January 01 – 31, 2025

## Survey Landscape



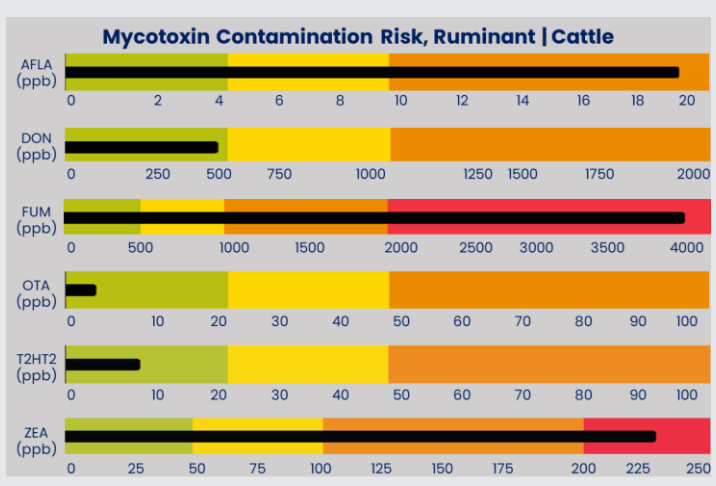
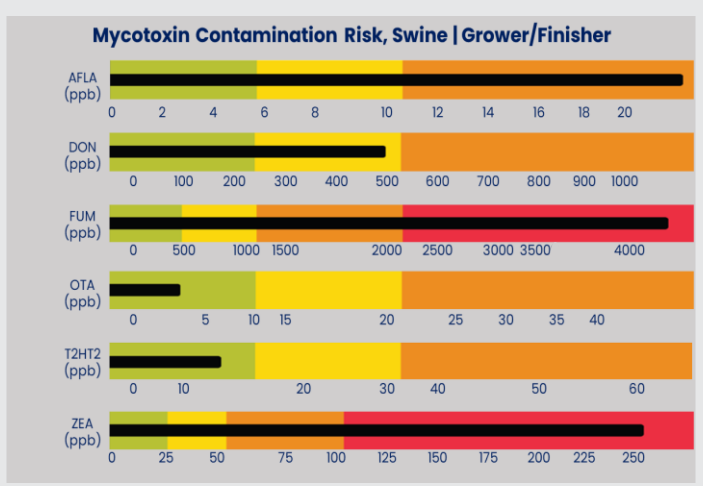
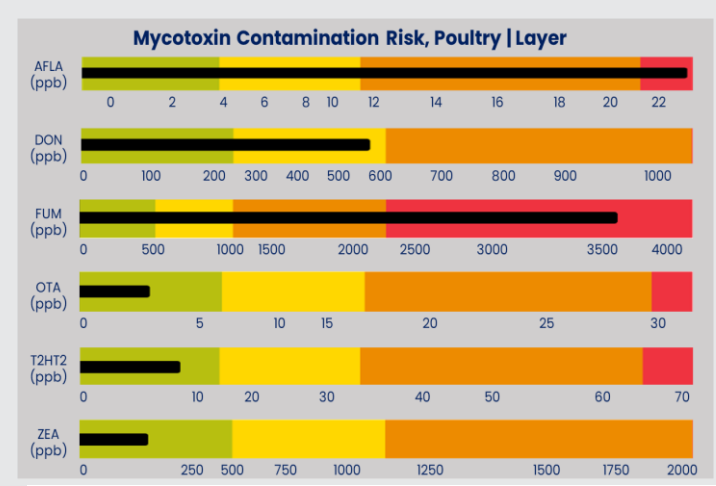
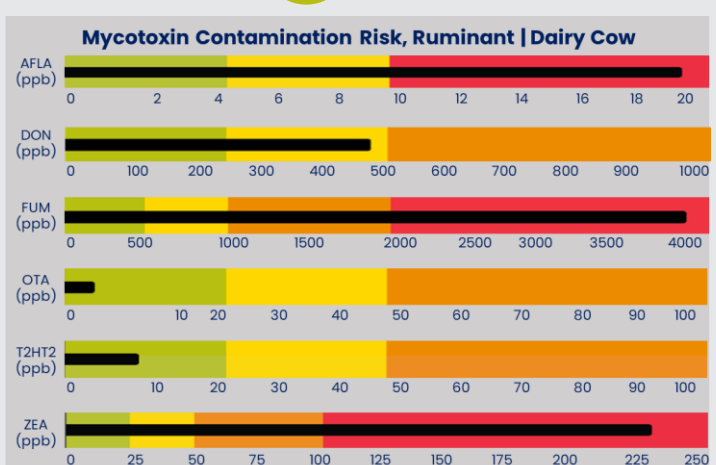
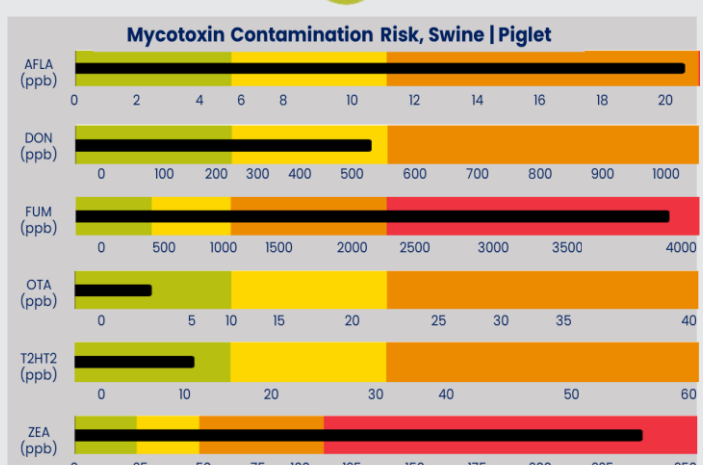
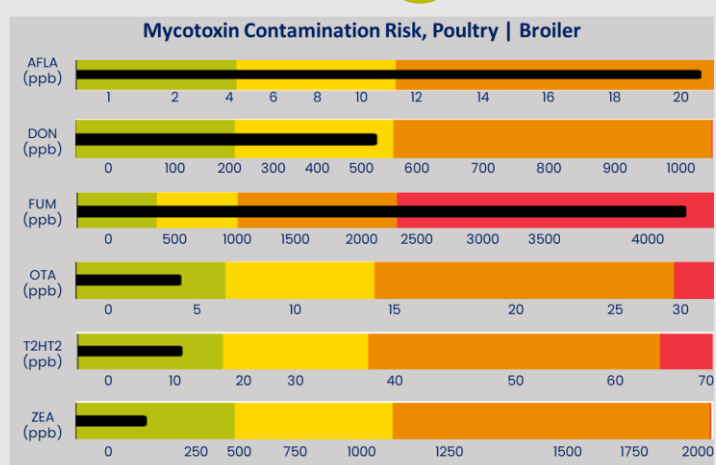
## Commodities



## Risk Level & Symptoms by Species

### Mycotoxin impacts

<b>Aflatoxin (AFLA)</b>	Digestive disorders, Reduced feed intake, Immunosuppression, liver damage, AFMI in milk
<b>Fumonisin (FUM)</b>	Poor intestinal water and glucose absorption (diarrhea), Necrotic lesions in GIT, Poor nutrient absorption
<b>Zearalenone (ZEA)</b>	Estrogenic effects, Reduced fertility, Immunosuppression



● No Risk ● Low Risk ● Medium Risk ● High Risk

The **black bar** inside the colored bar represents the average mycotoxin concentration

## Recommendation

Consider synergistic and additive effects for interpretation of mycotoxin assessment



## Mycotoxin Interaction

- Poultry, swine & ruminant feeds & their raw materials are highly FUM-contaminated, followed by AFLA
- For Swine & ruminants, ZEA additionally impacts reproduction, fertility & immunology
- Synergistic effects occur when the combined effects of two mycotoxins (even at low levels) are greater than the individual effects of each toxin alone (1+1 >2)

**For further information please contact:**

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